

AU Peterson, JR, Le Padellec, A, Danared, H, Dunn, GH, Larsson, M, Larson, A, Peverall, R, Stromholm, C, Rosen, S, af Ugglas, M, van der Zande, WJ

TI Dissociative recombination and excitation of N-2(+): Cross sections and product branching ratios

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AB The absolute dissociative recombination and absolute dissociative excitation rate coefficients and cross sections have been determined for N-2(+) and electrons for collision energies between 10 meV and 30 eV. The ion storage ring CRYRING has been used in combination with an imaging technique with a position-and-time-sensitive detector. Information is retrieved on the ion beam vibrational state populations and on the product branching in the dissociative recombination process at 0 eV collisions. A hollow cathode ion source has been used to lower the vibrational excitation in the ion beam; a more traditional hot-cathode ion source was used as well. The most important findings are the following. The rate coefficient for an N-2(+) ion beam (46%, $\epsilon = 0$, 27% $\epsilon = 1$) versus electron temperature (K) is $\alpha(T-e) = 1.75(\pm 0.09) \times 10^{-7}(T-e/300)^{-0.30} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$. The dissociative recombination rate is found to be weakly dependent on the N-2(+) vibrational level. At 0 eV collision energy, the $\epsilon = 0$ product branching is found to be 0.37(8):0.11(6):0.52(4) for N(S-4) + N(D-2):N(P-2) + N(S-4) + N(D-2) + N(D-2) fragments. The dissociative recombination cross section does not have a high-energy peak as was found in a number of lighter molecular systems. The dissociative excitation signal starts only slightly above the energy threshold for dissociation, and peaks near 25 eV. From the dissociative excitation data and literature data, information is retrieved on the dissociative ionization of N-2(+). The comparison of these results with earlier DR measurements is extensively discussed. (C) 1998 American Institute of Physics.

C1 SRI Int, Mol Phys Lab, Menlo Park, CA 94025 USA. Royal Inst Technol, Dept Phys, S-10044 Stockholm, Sweden. Univ Stockholm, Manne Siegbahn Lab, S-10405 Stockholm, Sweden. Univ Colorado, Joint Inst Lab Astrophys, Boulder, CO 80309 USA. Natl Inst Stand & Technol, Boulder, CO 80309 USA. Univ Stockholm, Dept Phys, S-11385 Stockholm, Sweden. FOM, Inst Atom & Mol Phys, NL-1098 SJ Amsterdam, Netherlands.

RP Peterson, JR, SRI Int, Mol Phys Lab, Menlo Park, CA 94025 USA.

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PI WOODBURY

PA CIRCULATION FULFILLMENT DIV, 500 SUNNYSIDE BLVD, WOODBURY, NY 11797-2999 USA

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