

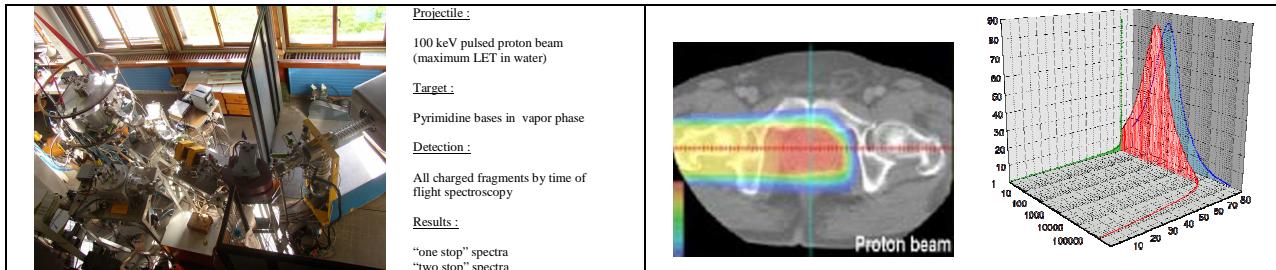
Ionization and Fragmentation of the Pyrimidine bases induced by 100 keV proton collisions.



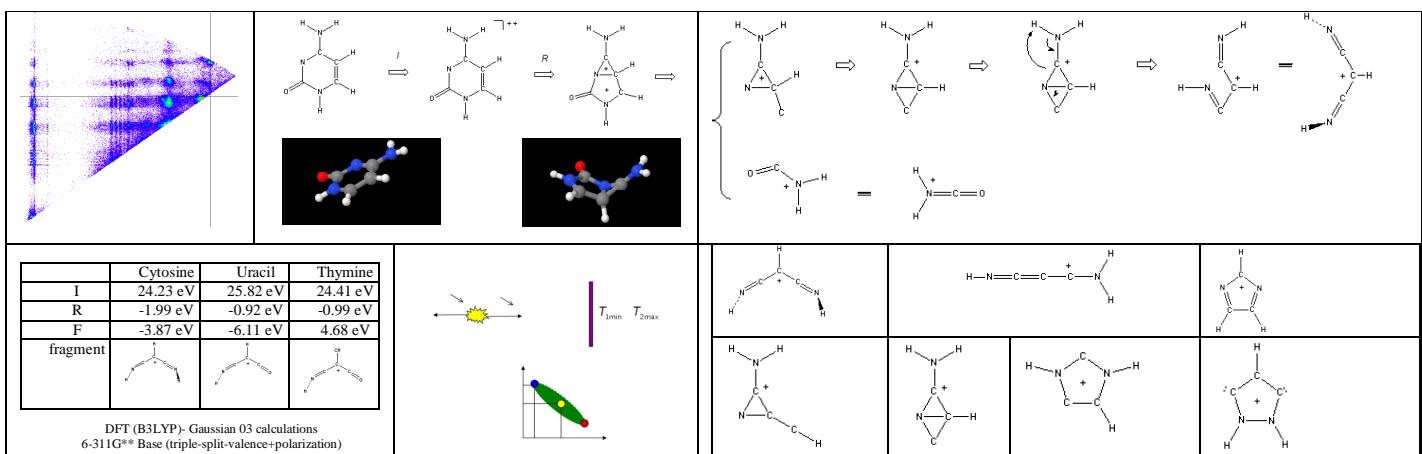
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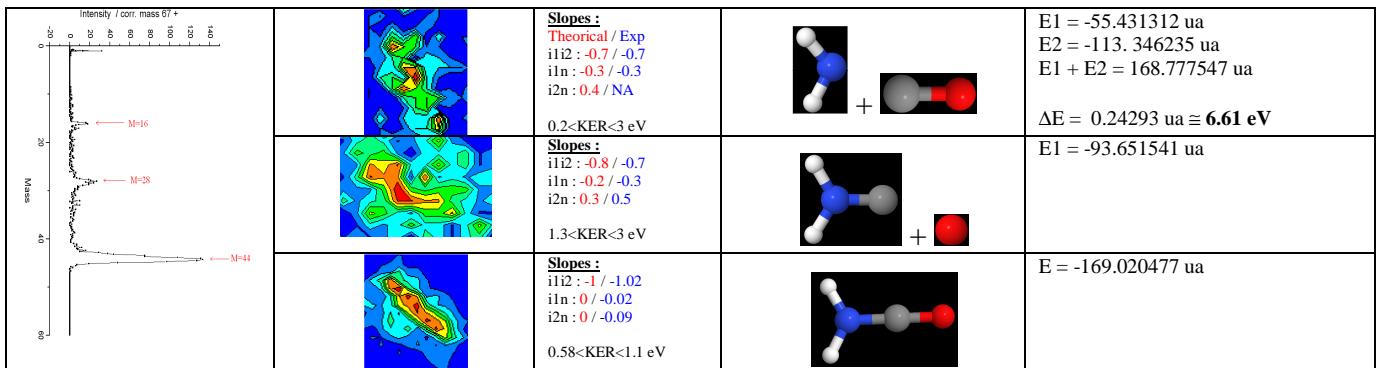
Proton therapy is a non-ablative powerful method that enables to deliver the right radiation dose to a targeted tumor with minimal side effects. The growing needs in proton therapy makes it necessary to understand the damages caused by these radiations on a molecular level. We present in this poster results obtained on proton collision induced dissociation of isolated pyrimidine bases resulting from double ionization of these molecules.



Results on cytosine : two charged fragments :



Results on cytosine : three or more fragments : $i_1 i_2 n \rightarrow i_1 + i_2 n \rightarrow i_1 + i_2 + n$



Results on Uracil and Thymine for M= 44 uma :

